

Facts and Figures

Canada's support for Ukraine

Economic Sanctions

- Canada **is the first country** to revoke Russia's and Belarus's "Most Favoured Nation" status as trading partners under Canadian law. The only other country that does not enjoy MFN status with Canada is North Korea. This means Russia and Belarus will be subject to a **tariff of 35 percent** on **virtually all of their exports to Canada**.
- As of May 31, 2022, and since Russia's illegal annexation of Crimea in 2014, Canada has placed economic sanctions on more than **1,500 people and entities**. This includes:
 - o **351 members** of the State Duma involved in recognition of the Ukrainian regions of Donetsk and Luhansk as so-called "independent states";
 - o **18 members of the Russian Security Council**, including **Putin** directly, and his Chief of Staff and Minister of Foreign Affairs **Sergei Lavrov**;
 - o **10 members** of Putin's inner circle;
 - o **Roman Abramovich**, and other former Russian senior officials and associates of the Putin regime;
 - o **160 members** of the Russian Federation Council;
 - o **14 close associates of the Russian regime** including Russian oligarchs, their families, and Putin's two adult daughters;
 - o **33 entities** in the Russian defense sector, as they have provided support to the Russian military and are complicit in Putin's illegal war;
 - o **10 key individuals** from **two important companies in Russia's energy sector**;
 - o **203 individuals** complicit in the attempted annexation of certain areas of Donbass, Ukraine, including **11 senior officials** and **192 other members** of the People's Councils of the so-called Luhansk and Donetsk People's Republics.
 - o **21 additional individuals**, including oligarchs and close associates of the Russian regime;
 - o **19 individuals** in the Russian defense sector and **5 entities** for providing indirect or direct support to the Russian military;
 - o **14 individuals** including Russian oligarchs and close associates of Putin;
 - o **22 individuals** and **4 entities**, including senior officials of Russian financial institutions, their family members, and financial institutions;
 - o **28 services** vital for the operation of the Russian oil, gas, and chemical industries, including technical, management, accounting, and advertising services;
 - o **Six** additional individuals and **46 entities** linked to the Russian defense sector; and,
 - o **15 additional Ukrainian individuals** supporting the Russian occupation of Ukraine.
- Canada is **prohibiting** the export of certain goods and technologies to Russia in order to undermine the capabilities of the Russian military.
- Canada also **blocked export permits** for shipments to Russia, cutting them off from access to aerospace, machinery and other Canadian technologies. Minister Joly also announced the cancellation of existing valid export permits.
- As of May 20th, Canada is banning both the **export** and **import of luxury goods** to and from Russia.

Financial Measures

- To strengthen our trade ties and help support Ukraine's economic recovery, on April 11, 2023, Prime Minister Trudeau and Prime Minister Shmyhal signed a joint declaration on the conclusion of negotiations for **the modernization of the Canada-Ukraine Free Trade Agreement (CUFTA)**, and underscored the need to complete the processes to implement it as quickly as possible. A modernized CUFTA supports long-term security, stability, and economic development in Ukraine, as well as the creation of good middle-class jobs here in Canada.
- In 2022, with the inclusion of the Ukraine Sovereignty Bond proceeds, Canada has disbursed
 - o **\$2.45 billion** in loans to Ukraine:
 - o **\$1.95 billion** through the IMF Administered Account for Ukraine:
 - \$500 million disbursed on December 16, 2022;
 - \$450 million disbursed on August 17, 2022; and,
 - \$1 billion disbursed on June 9, 2022.
 - o **\$500 million** in bilateral sovereign loans:
 - \$300 million disbursed on April 20, 2022; and,
 - \$200 million disbursed on May 6, 2022.
- On July 20, 2022, Canada and other official creditors to Ukraine announced their intention to provide a coordinated suspension of debt service due by Ukraine from August 1, 2022, until end-2023, with the possibility of an additional year extension.
- In collaboration with our allies, Canada is also taking steps to cripple Putin's funding for his illegal war in Ukraine. This Includes:
 - o Placing **sanctions** on the **Russian Central Bank** and **27 other Russian financial institutions**;
 - o Imposing an **asset freeze** and a **dealings prohibition** on Russian sovereign wealth funds; and
 - o Removing Russian banks from the international **SWIFT payments system**.
- Canada is also providing a **\$50 million loan guarantee** to enable a EUR 300 million European Bank for Reconstruction Development (EBRD) loan to Naftogaz.
- On December 13, 2022, the Government of Canada announced that it will **transfer \$115 million in tariff revenues collected on imports from Russia and Belarus** to repair Kyiv's power grid following repeated Russian attacks against Ukraine's energy infrastructure

Military Equipment and Training

- During the visit of the Prime Minister of Ukraine to Canada on April 11, 2023, Canada announced it is spending **\$59 million** to procure for Ukraine **21,000** assault rifles and machine guns, along with ammunition, from weapons maker Colt Canada, headquartered in Kitchener, Ont.
- It was also announced that a **\$2.4 billion** loan to the government in Kyiv, announced in last month's federal budget, has been dispersed to Ukraine. The money will be used by the government of Ukraine to support essential services such as pension payments, fuel purchases and the repair of damaged energy infrastructure
- This funding, announced in Budget 2023, brings Canada's total commitment to Ukraine since the beginning of Russia's illegal full-scale invasion to over **\$8 billion**.
- Since the beginning of the war, Canada has committed over **\$1 billion** in military aid to respond to urgent priorities identified by Ukraine.

- This includes a National Advanced Surface-to-Air Missile System (NASAMS) and associated munitions, howitzers, spare parts and ammunition, **208** Senator commercial pattern armored vehicles, **39** armored combat support vehicles (ACSVs), **76**
- High-Resolution Drone Cameras, Carl Gustaf M2 recoilless rifles and ammunition, Rocket Launchers and hand-grenades, winter clothing, high-resolution, modern, satellite imagery, **four** Leopard 2 main battle tanks, and more.
- Since 2015, Canada has trained over **35,000** Ukrainian military and security personnel.
- Since August 2022, approximately **170** Canadian Armed Forces members have been deployed to the UK to support the training of Ukrainian recruits.
- Since October 2022, Canada has deployed approximately **40** combat engineers to Poland to assist in the training of Ukrainian sappers.
- And, in January, our government announced **four** Leopard 2 main battle tanks for Ukraine, and that a team of 25 members of the Canadian Armed Forces would train the Ukrainian Armed Forces on the use of these tanks. This training began in Poland on February 7.
- To date, the RCAF Air Task Force based in Prestwick, Scotland has delivered over **7 million pounds of Canadian aid**, as well as partners' and allies' aid, in support of Ukraine since March 2022.
- In Budget 2022, Canada pledged an additional **\$500 million** in additional military equipment to Ukraine. This includes **6** additional drone cameras and up to **39** armored combat support vehicles.
- During a visit to Ukraine on May 8th 2022, the Prime Minister announced an additional **\$50 million** in military assistance, including **18 drone cameras**, **\$15 million** of high-resolution satellite imagery, and up to **\$1 million** in small arms and ammunition.

Humanitarian Aid

- To date, Canada has committed **over \$320 million** in humanitarian assistance to respond to the worsening humanitarian crisis in Ukraine and neighbouring countries. This includes:
 - o **\$15 million** in response to the evolving humanitarian situation in Ukraine provided in January 2022;
 - o **\$30 million** to the Canadian Red Cross Ukraine Humanitarian Crisis Appeal through a matching fund launched on February 25, 2022;
 - o **\$100 million** in response to the UN Humanitarian Flash Appeal and the Regional Refugee Response Plan for Ukraine announced on March 1, 2022; and,
 - o An additional **\$100 million** in humanitarian support to respond to the worsening humanitarian crisis in Ukraine and neighbouring countries announced on April 9th, 2022.
 - o **\$10 million** in funding to support human rights, civil society, and demining in Ukraine. This includes funding for the United Nations Women's Peace and Humanitarian Fund and the United Nations Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights.
 - o An additional **\$75 million** to support humanitarian operations inside Ukraine, and in neighboring countries. These funds will be allocated based on 2023 humanitarian appeals.
- This funding will provide our experienced UN, Red Cross and NGO humanitarian partners the flexibility to adapt their responses and support the population as needs evolve.

Immigration Measures

- Canada and Ukraine also signed a **bilateral Youth Mobility Agreement**, which young people from both countries will benefit from when travel to Ukraine becomes safe. The Agreement further deepens the strong bonds between our peoples and our two countries. It will open up new opportunities for youth to work and travel, including opportunities for Canadian youth to help rebuild Ukraine once Russia withdraws its forces from the country.
- Canada has extended temporary status and issued open work permits to Ukrainian visitors, workers and students who are in Canada and cannot go home.
- Canada launched the **Canada-Ukraine Authorization for Emergency Travel (CUAET)** for individuals fleeing Ukraine, and offers safe harbour for up to three years. As of May 25, 2022, Canada has approved more than **120,000 applications** through CUAET.
- Canada has established a **dedicated service channel** for Ukraine immigration enquiries available for clients both in Canada and abroad at 613-321-4243. Adding the keyword "Ukraine2022" to the IRCC crisis web form will prioritize the request.
- Canada has expanded settlement services until **March 31, 2023** for temporary residents under the CUAET. Key services include language training, orientation to life in Canada, and services to access the labour market.
- Canada is also providing **short-term** income support and **temporary hotel accommodation** for up to two weeks for Ukrainian refugees entering Canada.
- Canada also launched the new Canada Information Centre in Warsaw to provide assistance to Ukrainians who wish to come to Canada.
- Canada has chartered 3 flights to Canada, to bring Ukrainians and their family members to Canada from Poland.
- Canada is providing **transitional financial assistance** for displaced Ukrainians in Canada, including a one-time payment of **\$3,000 per adult** and **\$1,500 per child** (17 years and under).

Additional Measures

- Since Russia's invasion of Ukraine, Canada's airspace is **closed** to all Russian aircraft providers and Canadian waters and ports are **closed** to all Russian-owned or registered ships and fishing vessels.
- On February 28th, Canada banned **all crude oil imports** from Russia.
- On March 16th, the CRTC decided that Russia Today (RT) and Russia Today France (RT France) can **no longer broadcast in Canada**.
- On March 29th, Canada announced the deployment of **RCMP personnel** to the **International Criminal Court** to help investigate **war crimes** committed by Russia.
- To help Canadian businesses provide goods and services to displaced Ukrainians, Canada launched the new **Canadian Industry for Ukraine donation portal**.
- On May 17th, Minister Mendicino announced that Canada is **banning** sanctioned Russians from entering Canada.
- On May 20th, Canada announced an additional loan of **\$250 million** to Ukraine through the International Monetary Fund's Administered Account for Ukraine.

- On June 28th, the Prime Minister pledged **\$9.7 million** to improve accountability for human rights violations in Ukraine, and help international partners bring perpetrators to justice.
- Canada has renewed its multi-year commitment to **Operation REASSURANCE** to support NATO's assurance and deterrence measures in Central and Eastern Europe. Our current contributions to **Operation REASSURANCE** includes:
 - o Approximately **1,455 Canadian Armed Forces Members**, making it Canada's largest military operation, including up to **695 Canadian Armed Forces** members leading NATO's enhanced Forward Presence Battle Group in Latvia;
 - o A Halifax-class Frigate (HMCS *Montreal*) deployed with Standing NATO Maritime Group 2 (SNMG 2);
 - o An additional frigate, HMCS Halifax, deployed with Standing NATO Maritime Group 1.
 - o **140 members** of the Royal Canadian Air Force and approximately **5 CF-188 Hornet aircraft** participating in NATO enhanced Air Policing on a rotational basis, and **one CP-140 Aurora long range patrol aircraft**; and
- **Previous deployment to Poland - (Up to 150 CAF personnel):**
 - o From April to the end of July, 2022, the Canadian Armed Forces provided assistance to Ukrainian refugees in reception centres located in Warsaw.
 - o While deployed, the Canadian Armed Forces members helped thousands of refugees with administrative support, limited medical care, mental health supports and spiritual services, enabled by Ukrainian-speaking Canadian Armed Forces personnel. In support of the newly established Humanitarian Assistance Task Force, designed to synchronize and coordinate the efforts of more than 100 multinational humanitarian agencies, the Canadian Armed Forces contributed several planning officers to this Polish-led initiative alongside our Allies.
 - o In support of Immigration, Refugee, and Citizenship Canada, the Canadian Armed Forces also acted as a liaison with the Polish Armed Forces to assist with the federal response to support temporary residence for Ukrainians wishing to work and study in Canada.
- Canada has committed an additional \$96 million in development assistance funding to Ukraine to address emerging priorities, including:
 - \$35 million to continue supporting the resilience of Ukraine's government institutions and civil society organizations so they are better able to meet the needs of Ukrainians, in particular women and vulnerable groups;
 - \$7 million to the United Nations Population Fund to support victims of sexual and gender-based violence;
 - \$2 million for the completion of a dairy processing plant in western Ukraine to support food security efforts; and,
 - \$52 million to respond to Ukraine's urgent need to increase grain storage capacity and enable the timely diagnostic testing and monitoring of animal diseases to allow for export certification, of which \$50 million will be allocated for grain storage and associated technical assistance and \$2 million will be earmarked for lab equipment.